

Demand-Metered Electric Bills Explained

Electric	Meter #	RATE E200	GENERAL SERVICE
Electric Service Charges 12520 kWh at a cost of \$1,417.30			
Average Daily Cost for Electric \$50.6179			
Amount of Electricity Used			
		kWh	KW
Aug 02, 2018	Present Reading (act.)	54699	170.28
Jul 05, 2018	Previous Reading (act.)	54386	169.38
	Multiplier	40.000	40.000
	Electricity Used	12520	36.0
Cost for Electricity Used (for 1.0 months)			
a	ENERGY DELIVERY CHARGES:		
	Basic Service Charge	1.0 Mos @ 88.00	88.00
	Delivery Svc Chg	12520 kWh @ 0.00532	66.61
	MFC Admin Chg	12520 kWh @ 0.00011	1.38
	Transition Adj	12520 kWh @ 0.00008	1.00
	Bill Credit	12520 kWh @ -0.00100	-12.52
	SBC/RPS Chgs	12520 kWh @ 0.00698	87.39
	Misc. Charges	12520 kWh @ 0.00221	27.67
	RDM Chg	12520 kWh @ -0.00277	-34.68
b	Demand Delivery Charges:		
	Delivery Svc Chg	36.0 KW @ 10.280 X 1.0	370.08
c	MISC II		
		36.0 KW @ 0.200 X 1.0	7.20
	Total Delivery Chrgs		602.13
ENERGY SUPPLY CHARGES:			
(You may choose another supplier for this part of your service)			
	MFC Supply Chg	12520 kWh @ 0.00038	4.76
	Market Price	12520 kWh @ 0.06641	831.45
	Market Price Adj	12520 kWh @ -0.01049	-131.33
	Total Supply Chrgs		704.88
	NYS & Local Taxes and Surcharges		3.79
	Sales Tax	@ 8.125%	106.50
	TOTAL ELECTRICITY COST		\$1,417.30
For this billing period, the average cost of energy we purchased for you was \$0.05630 per kWh (excluding taxes). You can use this number to compare our price to other suppliers' prices.			

The following example explains the line items found on **demand-metered electric bills** for our non-residential customers (excluding those customers eligible for the Hourly Pricing Provision) that differ from the previous example of residential electric bills.

Delivery Service Charges

Non-residential demand metered electric bills include two separate delivery service charges which are based on (a) energy consumption, and (b) demand. This is due to the variability in the amount of electricity that commercial and industrial customers use overall (consumption) and it is also due to the unpredictability in the amount of electricity that the customer may require to meet their needs at any given point in time (demand).

Note: All other line items on the face of a non-residential demand metered electric bill are the same as explained on the residential electric bill.

With deregulation, customers are able to choose their electric and natural gas suppliers. Unbundled bills allow customers to see and compare supply prices so that they can make informed decisions.

- a Energy Delivery Service Charge:** The cost to deliver electricity to customers, whether purchased from Central Hudson or another supplier. This portion of the bill is based on the consumption of electricity measured in kWhs.
- b Demand Delivery Service Charge:** The cost to meet the maximum delivery requirements of customers at any given point in time, whether purchased from Central Hudson or another supplier. This portion of the bill is based on the demand requirements of electricity measured in kW or kilowatts of demand. The demand charge will be the highest average kW measured in a 15-minute interval during the month for which the bill is rendered.
- c MISC II:** A mechanism to recover from electric customers, the cost associated with the company's Targeted Demand Response Program, the company's Distributed System Implementation Plan, the costs associated with certain elements of Value Stack Compensation related to the purchase of generation, and the company's Commercial System Relief Program.