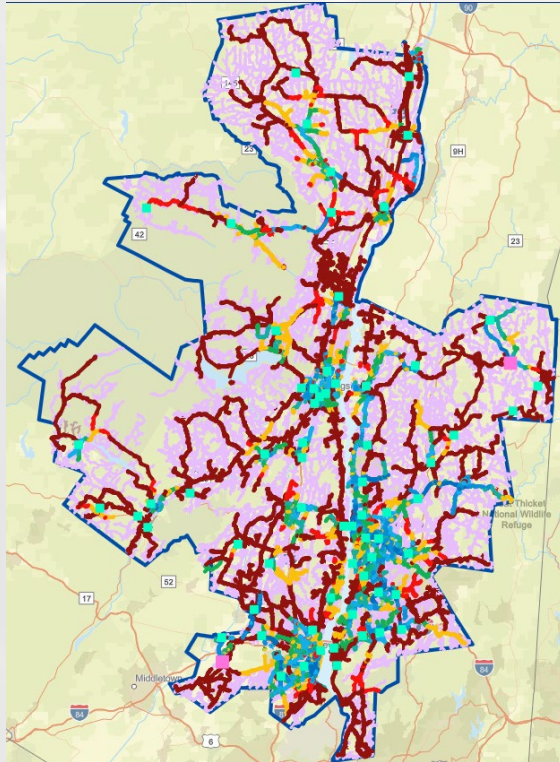


Central Hudson – Hosting Capacity Maps

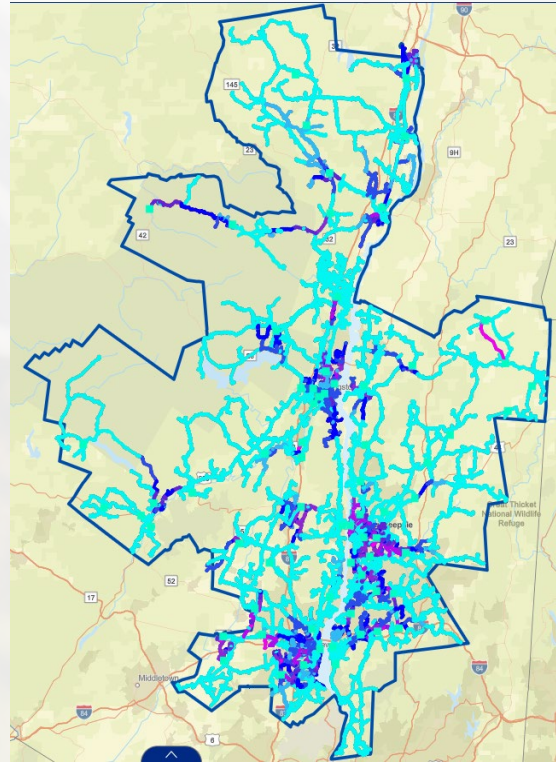
Triana Cano, Assistant Engineer

Central Hudson – Distribution Planning & Interconnections

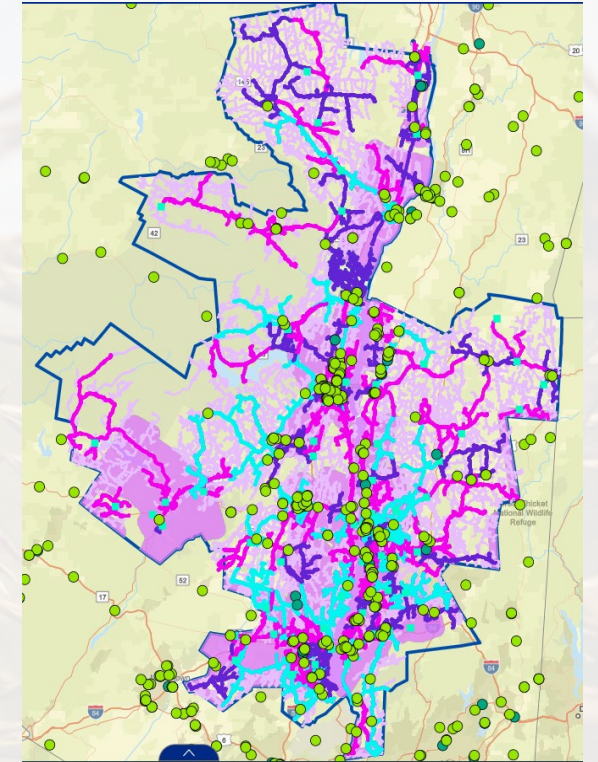
Hosting Capacity Maps



Solar PV



Energy Storage

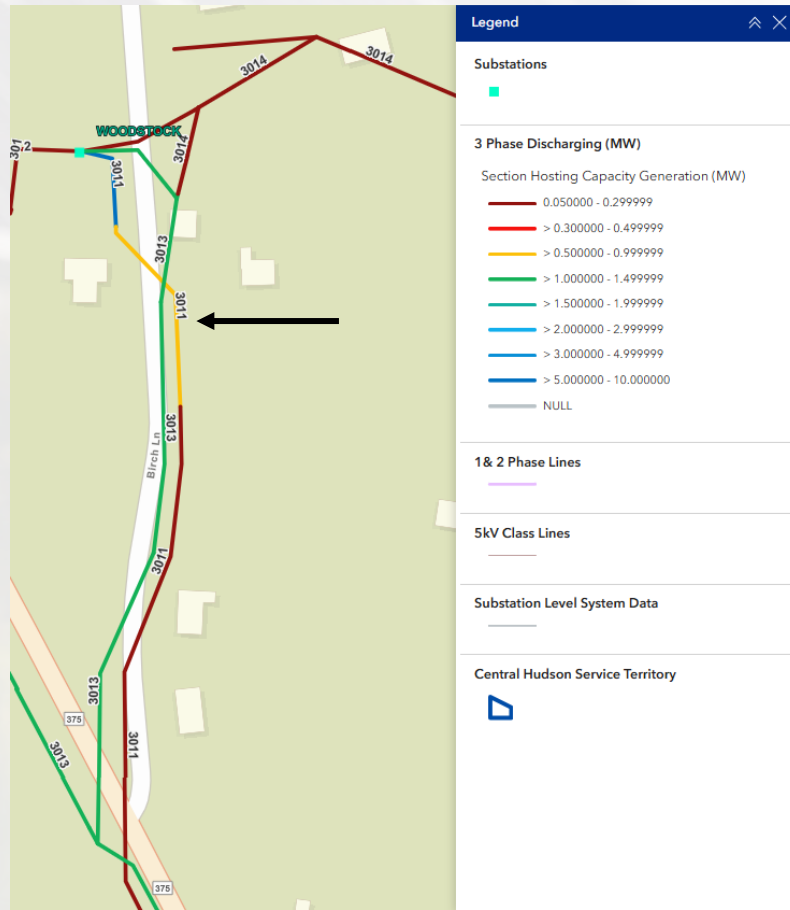


Electrification

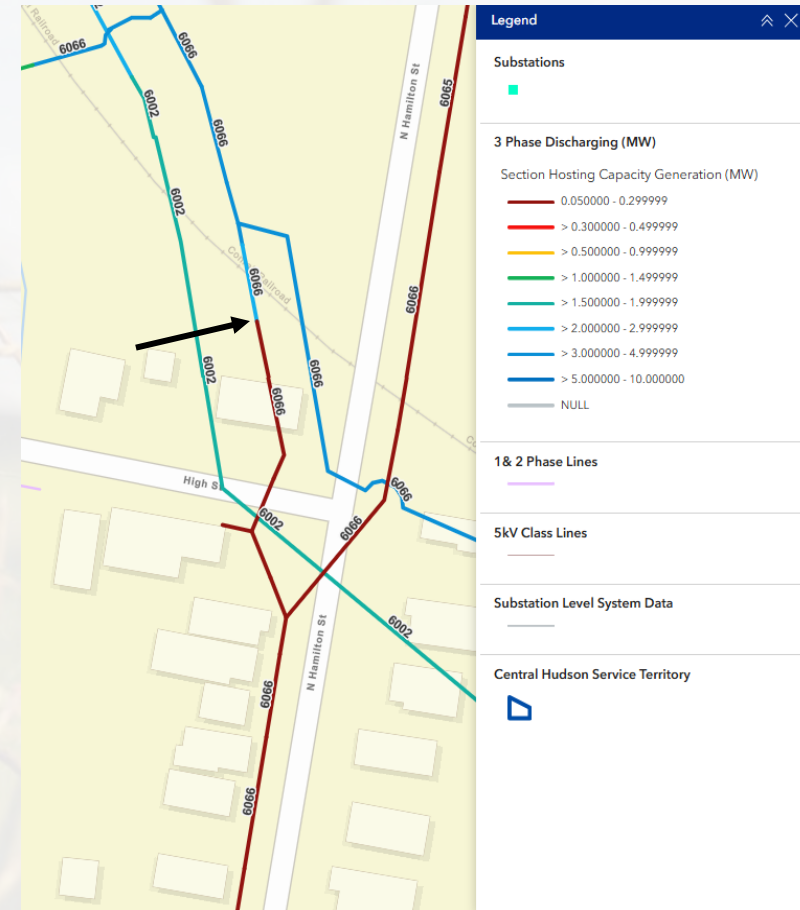
Impacts on Hosting Capacity

- Circuit Loading
 - More load on a circuit helps hosting capacity for PV and ESS discharging but hurts ESS charging
- Existing DG
 - More DG on a circuit will hurt hosting capacity, less DG will help
- Distribution Equipment
 - Depending on the equipment, the devices can help or hurt hosting capacity
 - Hosting capacity takes into account regulation equipment for excessive operation
- Conductors
 - A conductor of a larger size will help hosting capacity, but smaller sizes will hurt it due to the conductor's rating causing thermal concerns

Effects of Distribution Equipment

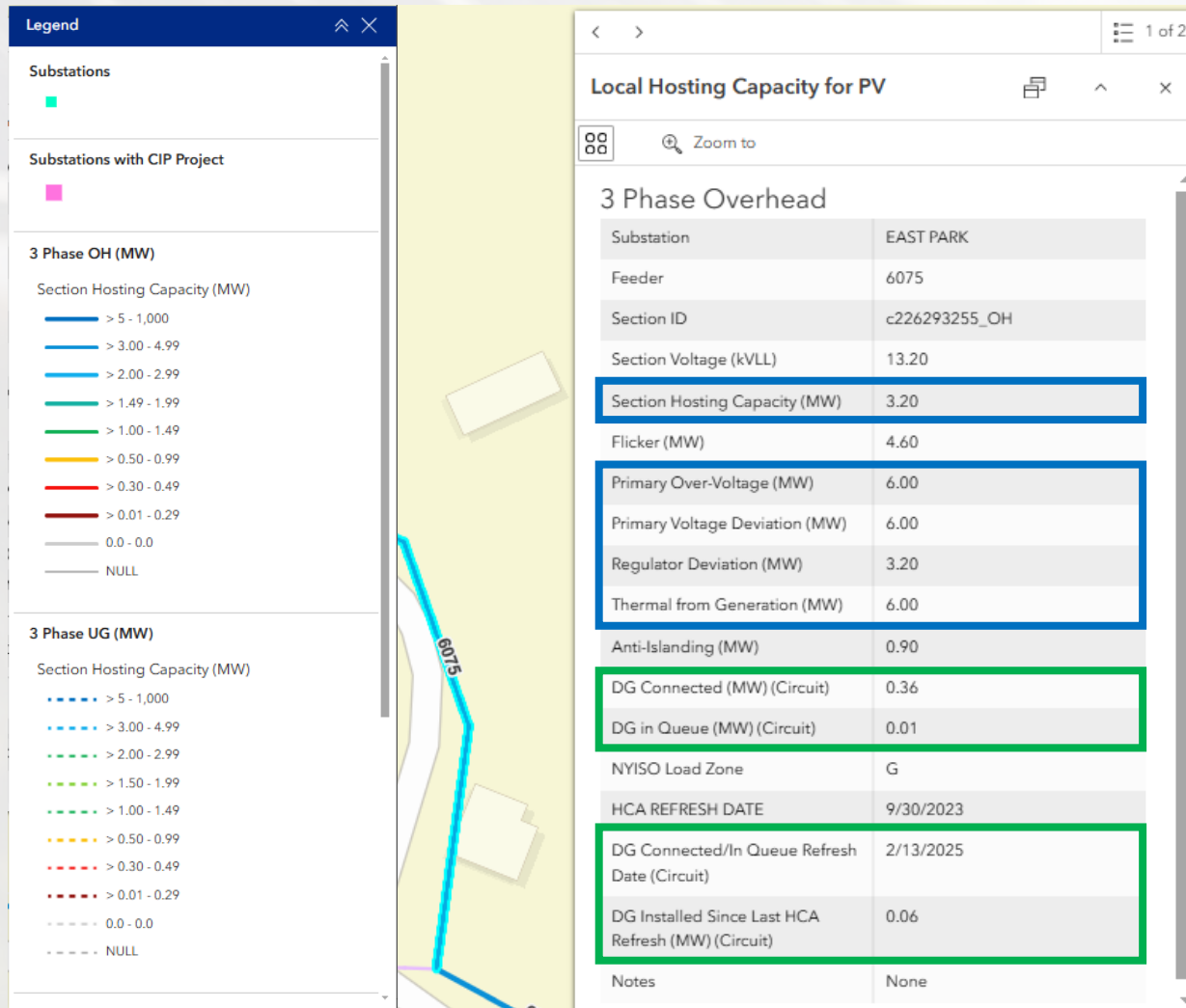


Regulators



Step-Down Transformer

Solar PV Map Tab



All fields are updated annually or semiannually with each hosting capacity analysis

Section Hosting Capacity is determined by

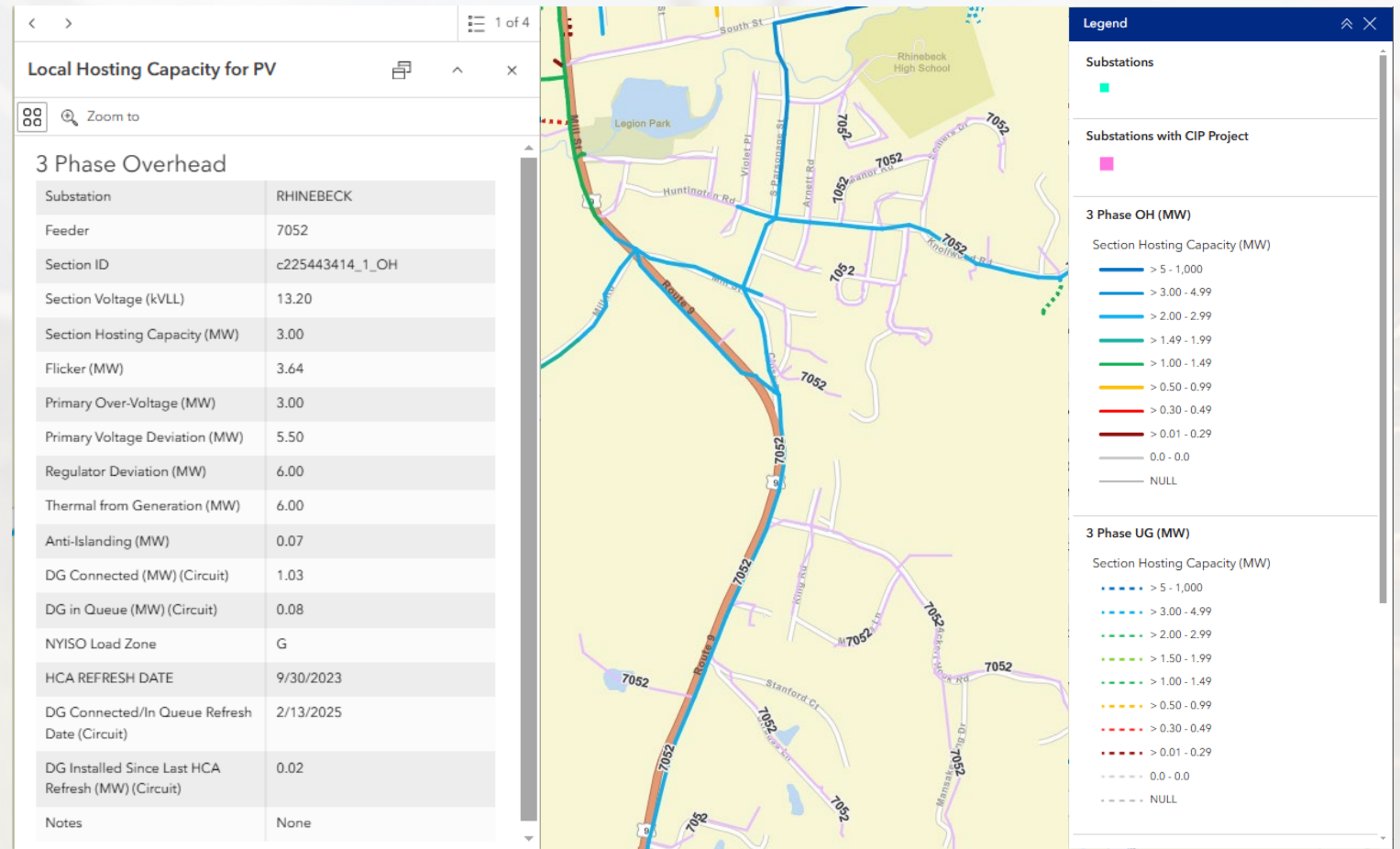
- Primary Over-Voltage
- Primary Voltage Deviation
- Regulator Deviation
- Thermal from Generation

Updated monthly with queue data

Ideal Feeder Option for Solar PV

- Gradual decrease in hosting capacity downstream of substation
- High hosting capacity at feeder
- High section hosting capacity

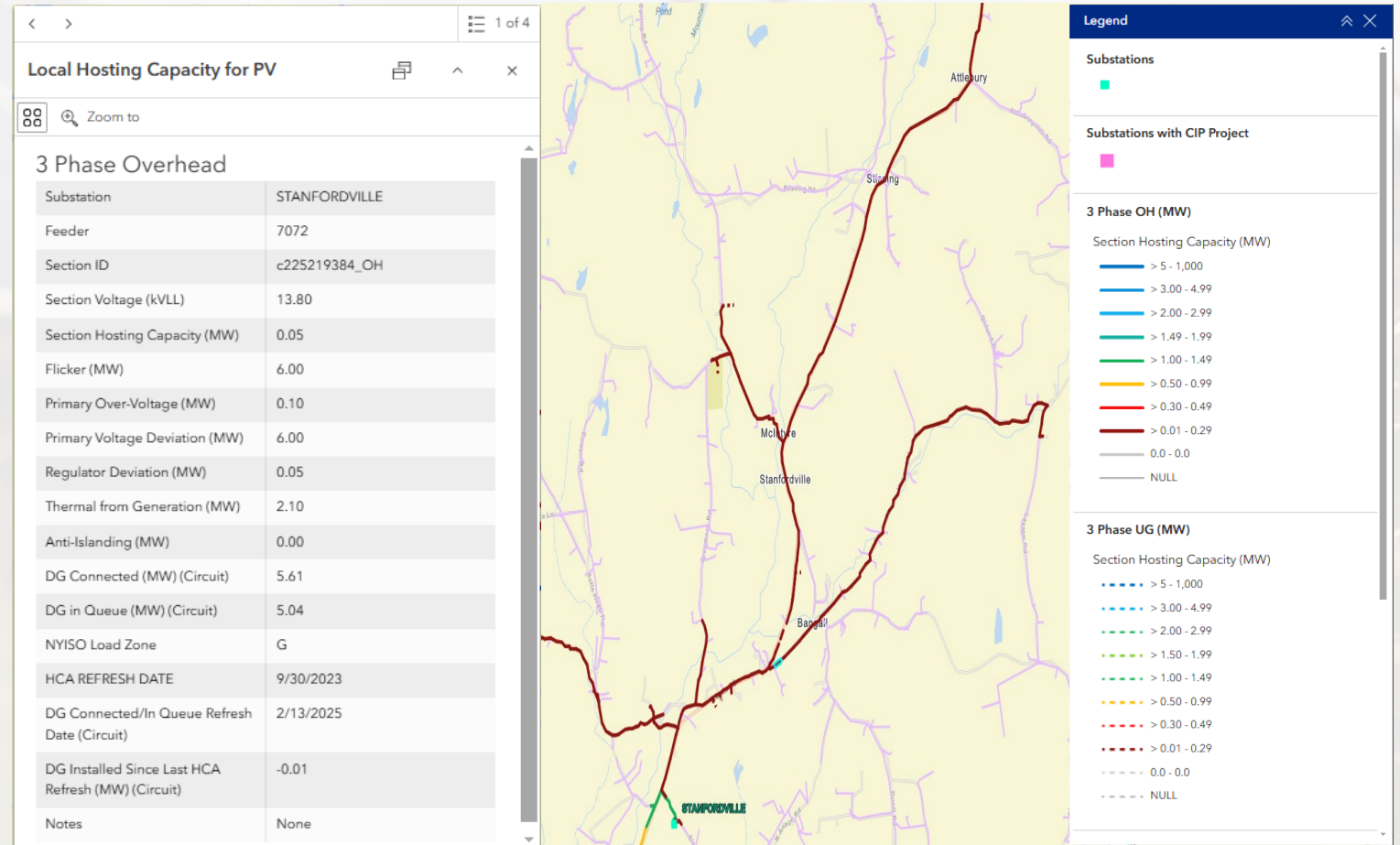
Attempting to interconnect a large DER system to a circuit similar to this would likely result in lower upgrade costs and would be less likely to be downsized



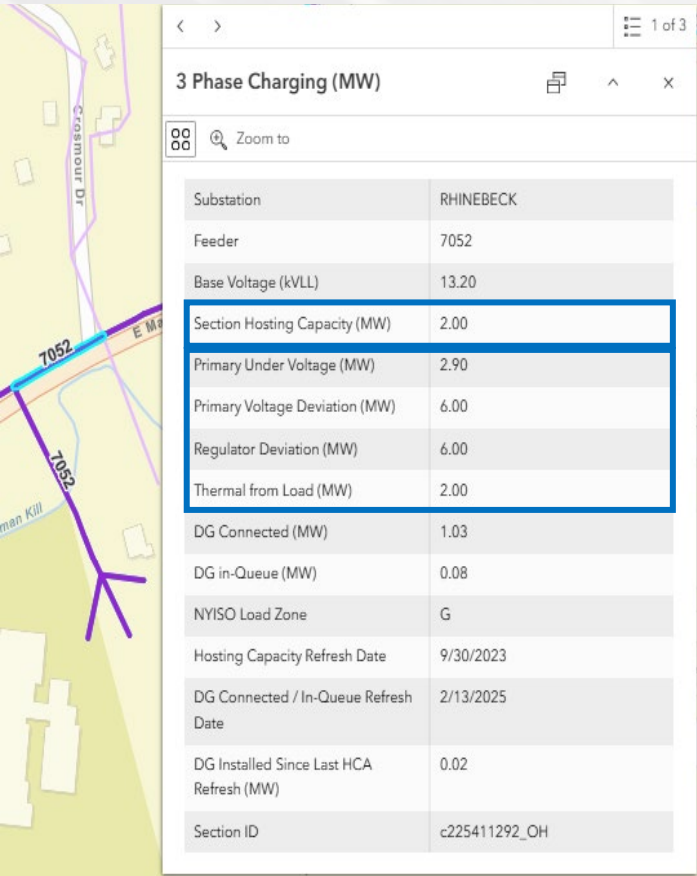
Weak Feeder Option for Solar PV

- Drastic decrease in hosting capacity downstream of substation
- Low hosting capacity at feeder
- Low section hosting capacity

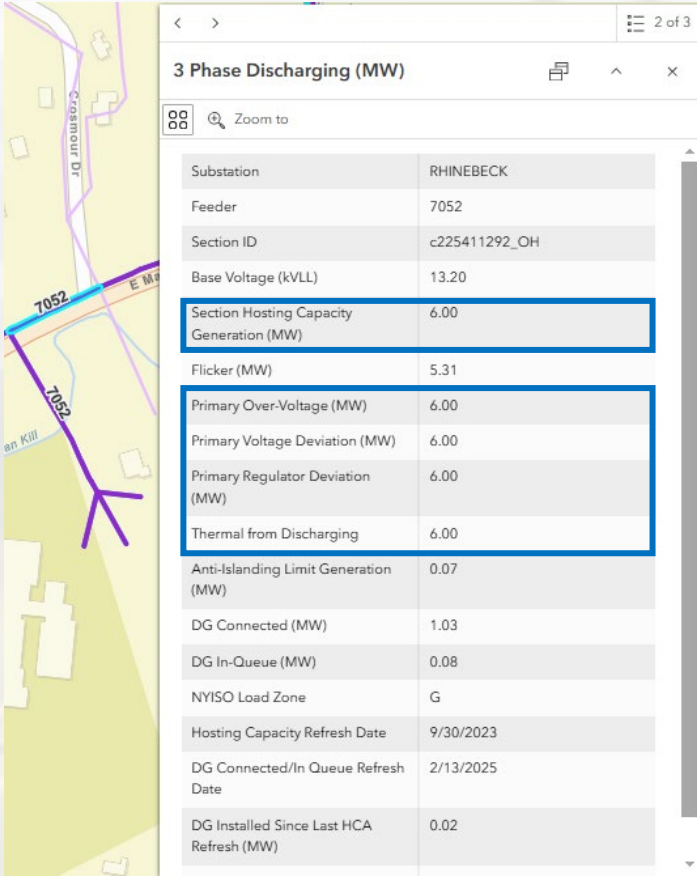
Attempting to interconnect a large DER system to a circuit similar to this would likely result in high upgrade costs and possible downsizing or a dedicated feeder



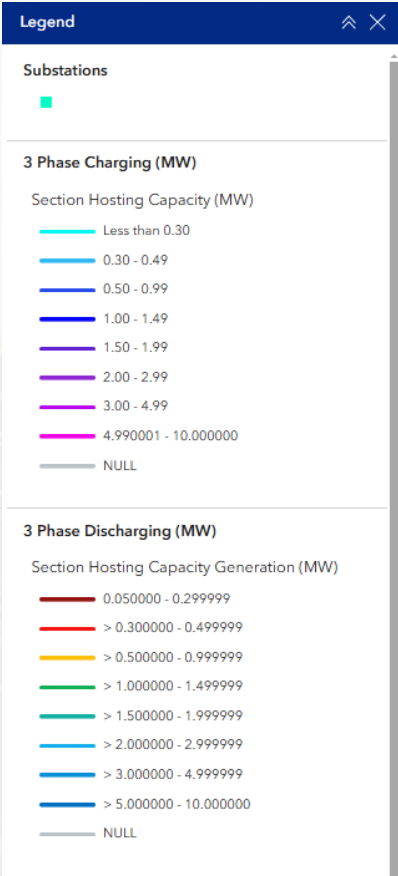
Energy Storage Map Tab



Charging



Discharging



Substation Data Tab

< >		3 of 3
Substation Level System Data		
Zoom to		
c225411292_OH		
Substation	RHINEBECK	
Substation/Bank Installed DG (MW)	5.00	
Transmission Node PTID	355582.000000	
Substation/Bank Queued DG (MW)	1.20	
Substation/Bank Total DG (MW)	6.20	
2022 Substation/Bank Peak (MW)	18.36	
Substation/Bank Thermal Capacity (MVA)	46.21	
Estimated 3VO Protection Threshold (MVA)	N/A	
Substation Backfeed Protection	Yes	
DG Connected/In Queue Refresh Date	2/13/2025	
DG Installed Since Last HCA Refresh (MW)	0.02	
HCA Refresh Date	9/30/2023	

Summarized Hosting Capacity Maps Tips

- Locations closer to a substation will result in higher hosting capacity and likely fewer upgrades
- Check the DG interconnected and in queue on the feeder to get an idea of how much hosting capacity may be left
- Avoid circuits with drastic drops in hosting capacity, they may have a strict limiting factor
- Location will determine POI, circuit, and substation

Hosting Capacity Map Status Updates

- Implemented a new load flow software
- New ESRI GIS map
- Anticipate map update in April that may differ slightly from the current version

Relevant Sources

[Central Hudson - Solar Energy & Distributed Generation Homepage](#)

[Central Hudson - Hosting Capacity Maps](#)

[Central Hudson - Solar PV Hosting Capacity Map](#)

[Central Hudson - Energy Storage Hosting Capacity Map](#)

[Joint Utilities - Hosting Capacity](#)

Thank you!